Employer Resource Networks: Uniting Businesses and Public Partners to Improve Job Retention and Advancement for Low-Wage Workers

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Presentation to the ACF Regional TANF Director's Meeting Michelle K. Derr



Policy Context

- Disadvantaged populations often have difficulty getting and keeping jobs
 - Limited education and little or no work history
 - Lack of basic work habits and job skills
 - Personal and family challenges that interfere with work
- Agencies serving disadvantaged populations often have difficulty engaging employers



Background

- Origins of Employer Resource Networks (ERNs)
 - Cascade Engineering
 - The SOURCE/West Michigan TEAM
 - Expanded through DOL Workforce Innovation in Regional Economic Development (WIRED) grant
- Model fits well with several ACF and DOL initiatives
 - Health Profession Opportunity Resource Grants
 - Transitional Jobs and Subsidized Employment
 - Career Pathways

- Small and mid-sized businesses pool resources to accomplish together what they cannot accomplish individually
- Services are targeted to entry-level workers but open to all employees
- Primary focus is job retention, with a strong secondary focus on skill building
- Capacity is expanded through public and private partnerships



What Services Do ERNs Provide?

- Short-term, "high touch" case management
- Job and life skills training
- Specialized resources and supports



How are ERNs Structured?

- Employer "buy-in" to the network
- Contracts with local agencies to provide direct services
- Publicly and privately funded job retention specialists
- Use of training providers and nonprofit agencies to leverage needed resources
- Geographically centralized and sector-based approach

Who Benefits from ERNs?

- ERNs can provide bottom-line benefits to employers
 - Between 85 and 90 percent job retention rate
 - Average return on investment between 150 and 200 percent
- ERNs can help workers get access to supports to stay employed and build job skills
- Community colleges can expand their enrollment and grant opportunities
- Public and nonprofit agencies can engage with the business community

Businesses Best Suited for ERNs

- Range of wage scales and skill levels
- Similar training and worker service needs
- Need of each other to create economies of scale
- Willing to fund shared staff or resources to increase efficiency
- Willing to establish public/private partnerships
- Willing to collaborate with other businesses

Steps for Creating an ERN

- Identify and recruit stakeholders
- Educate stakeholders to obtain buy in
- Identify funding to cover startup and ongoing expenses
- Create an administrative infrastructure
- Customize the service model to the needs of workers and the resources available within businesses and local communities

For More Information

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